

Ludovic Rousseau's blog

My activities related to smart card and Free Software (as in free speech).

Friday, September 25, 2015

PCSC sample in Objective-C

To continue the list of PC/SC wrappers initiated in 2010 with "[PC/SC sample in different languages](#)" I now present a sample in [Objective-C](#) using the Apple Crypto Token Kit API.

Crypto Token Kit API

In Yosemite (Mac OS X 10.10) Apple introduced a new API to access smart cards. See [OS X Yosemite and smart cards status](#).

This API is not a wrapper above PC/SC. It is the native API to be used on Mac OS X. You do not need to install it, it comes with the OS.

Source code

Create a new Cocoa application in Xcode. You need to enable the App Sandbox and add/set the `com.apple.security.smartcard` entitlement to yes.

My sample HelloWorld application does not use Cocoa. It is a text only application.

```
#import <CryptoTokenKit/CryptoTokenKit.h>

int main(int argc, const char * argv[])
{
    TKSmtCardSlotManager * mngr;
    mngr = [TKSmtCardSlotManager defaultManager];

    // Use the first reader/slot found
    NSString *slotName = (NSString *)mngr.slotNames[0];
    NSLog(@"slotName: %@", slotName);

    // connect to the slot
    [mngr getSlotWithName:slotName reply:^(TKSmtCardSlot *slot)
    {
        // connect to the card
        TKSmtCard *card = [slot makeSmartCard];
        if (card)
        {
            // begin a session
            [card beginSessionWithReply:^(BOOL success, NSError *error)
            {
                if (success)
                {
                    // send 1st APDU
                    uint8_t aid[] = {0xA0, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x62, 0x03, 0x01, 0x0C,
0x06, 0x01};

                    NSData *data = [NSData dataWithBytes: aid length: sizeof aid];
                    [card sendIns:0xA4 p1:0x04 p2:0x00 data:data le:nil
                        reply:^(NSData *replyData, UInt16 sw, NSError *error)
                        {
                            if (error)
                            {
                                NSLog(@"sendIns error: %@", error);
                            }
                            else
                            {
                                NSLog(@"Response: %@ 0x%04X", replyData, sw);
                            }
                        }];
                }
            }];
        }
    }];
}
```

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```

// send 2nd APDU
NSData *data = [NSData dataWithBytes: nil length: 0];
[card sendIns:0x00 p1:0x00 p2:0x00 data:data le:@200
    reply:^(NSData *replyData, UInt16 sw, NSError
*error)
{
    if (error)
    {
        NSLog(@"sendIns error: %@", error);
    }
    else
    {
        NSLog(@"Response: %@ 0x%04X", replyData, sw);
        NSString *newString = [[NSString alloc] initWithData:replyData encoding:NSUTF8StringEncoding];
        NSLog(@"%@", newString);
    }
}];

}
}];

}
else
{
    NSLog(@"Session error: %@", error);
}
}];

} else
{
    NSLog(@"No card found");
}
}];

// wait for the asynchronous blocks to finish
sleep(1);

return 0;
}

```

Output

```

2015-09-25 14:24:19.552 HelloWorld[1578:141676] slotName: Gemalto PC Twin Reader
2015-09-25 14:24:19.668 HelloWorld[1578:141740] Response: <> 0x9000
2015-09-25 14:24:19.681 HelloWorld[1578:141740] Response: <48656c6c 6f20776f 726c6421>
0x9000
2015-09-25 14:24:19.681 HelloWorld[1578:141740] Hello world!

```

Comments

The method `sendIns` is asynchronous. The result is executed in a `block`. It is similar to a callback in the JavaScript example PCSC sample in JavaScript (Node.js).

With the method `sendIns` you do not specify the class byte. If needed you can use the lower level `transmitRequest` method instead.

The method `sendIns` takes a parameter that contains the data sent to the card. I get a compiler warning if I use `nil` to indicate that I have no data to transmit. I have to create a `NSData` structure of 0 bytes and use it as argument. It is perfectly valid to send no data and the API should allow a simpler code.

My code is a very simple example. The code does not explicitly wait for the asynchronous blocks to finish. I use `sleep(1)` instead. Without this delay the main function would return before the asynchronous blocks are executed.

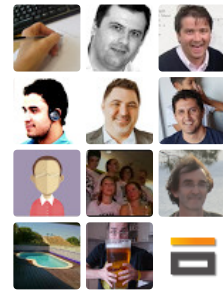
Conclusion

I have seen very few source codes using this new Crypto Token Kit API one year after it is available. The only API documentation I found is comments contained in the `.h` header files with no sample code. That does not help.

Maybe the situation will evolve with El Capitan (Mac OS X 10.11) that should be available in the next few days.

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[UPDATE 26 Sept 2015]

It is in fact possible to specify the class byte CLA of an APDU. This byte is stored in the `cla` property of the `TKSmartCard` class. The default value is 0x00.

[UPDATE 31 March 2017]

See also ""PC/SC" sample in Objective-C (synchronous)".



Labels: [code](#), [Mac OS X](#)

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